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# SOIL MOISTURE MONITORING - AUTO IRRIGATION

**Abstract:** This project aims to develop an automated irrigation system for agriculture that uses sensors to detect soil moisture levels and weather conditions, and accordingly adjust the irrigation schedule. The system will consist of a microcontroller unit, moisture sensors, weather sensors, and irrigation valves. The microcontroller will process the data from the sensors and control the irrigation valves to ensure optimal soil moisture levels and water conservation.

# **Objectives:**

- 1. To design and develop an automated irrigation system using sensors for agriculture
- 2. To monitor soil moisture levels and weather conditions using sensors
- 3. To develop a microcontroller unit to process sensor data and control irrigation valves
- To optimize irrigation schedules to conserve water and improve crop yields Methodology:
- 1. Research existing sensor-based irrigation systems and technologies
- 2. Select appropriate sensors for soil moisture and weather monitoring
- 3. Develop a microcontroller unit to process sensor data and control irrigation valves
- 4. Design and build a prototype of the automated irrigation system
- 5. Test and optimize the system to achieve optimal irrigation schedules and water conservation

# **Deliverables:**

- 1. Automated irrigation system prototype
- 2. Microcontroller code for data processing and irrigation control
- 3. Sensor data analysis and optimization report

4. User manual for system operation and maintenance

# **Timeline:**

- 1. Research and sensor selection: 1 Week
- 2. Microcontroller development: 2 Weeks
- 3. Prototype building and testing: 3 Weeks
- 4. Optimization and report preparation: 2 Weeks **Budget:**
- 1. Sensors and components:
- 2. Microcontroller development and programming:
- 3. Prototype building and testing:
- 4. Miscellaneous expenses:

## **Risks:**

- 1. Technical challenges in sensor integration and data processing
- 2. Unforeseen weather conditions that could affect the system performance
- 3. Limited availability of irrigation valves and components

# **Mitigation Strategies:**

- 1. Work with experienced engineers to address technical challenges
- 2. Incorporate weather forecasting data into the irrigation schedule to reduce the impact of unforeseen weather conditions
- 3. Identify alternative sources for irrigation valves and components in case of limited availability.

## SAMPLE BLOCK DIAGRAM

#### Auto Irrigation Using Soil Moisture Sensor for Agricultural needs - Introduction

The project is intended to provide proper amount of irrigation to agricultural fields by observing the moisture content of soil. The project automates the process of manually irrigating the fields by switching the pump ON/OFF. It is implemented by using an 8051 series microcontroller, programmed such as to collect input signals that measures moisture content of soil through sensing arrangement. Sensing arrangement is made by inserting two stiff metallic rods into the field at some distance. An op-amp is used as a

comparator that interfaces microcontroller and the sensing arrangement. On receiving the signal, the microcontroller produces an output that drives a relay and operates the water pump. Also LCD is used which is interfaced with microcontroller for displaying the moisture content of soil and water pump status. Hence the system reduces human intervention and provides required irrigation to field.

The concept in future can be enhanced by integrating GSM technology, such that whenever the water pump switches ON/OFF, an SMS is delivered to the concerned person regarding the status of the pump. We can also control the pump through SMS.

#### **Hardware Specifications**

- 8051 series Microcontroller
- Soil Moisture Sensors
- Diodes
- Op amp
- Crystal
- Water Pump
- LCD
- Relay
- LED
- Voltage Regulator
- Transistor

# **Software Specifications**

- Keil µVision IDE
- MC Programming Language: Embedded C

### **Block Diagram:**

